

# Baire one functions depending on finitely many coordinates



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## Definitions and notations



$$P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n, \quad a = (a_n), \quad x = (x_n) \in P$$

$$p_n(x) = (x_1, \dots, x_n, a_{n+1}, a_{n+2}, \dots)$$

- ◆  $A \subseteq P$  *depends on finitely many coordinates*  $\equiv \exists n \in \mathbb{N}$   
 $\forall x \in A \forall y \in P$

$$p_n(x) = p_n(y) \implies y \in A.$$

- ◆ A map  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  defined on a subspace  $X \subseteq P$  is *finitely determined*  $\equiv \exists n \in \mathbb{N} \forall x, y \in X$


$$p_n(x) = p_n(y) \implies f(x) = f(y).$$

- ◆  $\text{CF}(X, Y)$  is the set of all continuous finitely determined maps between  $X$  and  $Y$ ;  $\text{CF}(X) = \text{CF}(X, \mathbb{R})$ .

# Vladimir Bykov's results

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-  V.Bykov, *On Baire class one functions on a product space*,  
Topol. Appl. 199 (2016) 55–62.


## Theorem

Let  $X$  be a subspace of a product  $P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  of a sequence of metric spaces  $X_n$ . Then

- 1 every Baire class one function  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is the pointwise limit of a sequence of functions from  $\text{CF}(X)$ ;
- 2 a lower semicontinuous function  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is the pointwise limit of an increasing sequence of functions from  $\text{CF}(X) \Leftrightarrow f$  has a minorant in  $\text{CF}(X)$ .

# Vladimir Bykov's questions



-  V.Bykov, *On Baire class one functions on a product space*, Topol. Appl. 199 (2016) 55–62.

## Questions

Let  $X$  be a subspace of a product  $P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  of a sequence of metric spaces  $X_n$ . Is

- every Baire class one function  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  a pointwise limit of a sequence of functions from  $CF(X)$  for **completely regular**  $X$ ?
- a lower semicontinuous function  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  a pointwise limit of an increasing sequence of functions from  $CF(X)$  for **perfectly normal**  $X$ ?

## Positive answers

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- ◆ A map  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is  *$F_\sigma$ -measurable*  $\equiv f^{-1}(V)$  is  $F_\sigma$  in  $X$  for any open  $V \subseteq Y$ .
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Baire one  $\implies F_\sigma$ -measurable

### Theorem 1

Let  $P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  be a completely regular space,  $X \subseteq P$  and  $Y$  be a path-connected space. If

- 1  $P$  is perfectly normal, or
- 2  $X$  is Lindelöf,

then every  $F_\sigma$ -measurable function  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  with countable discrete image  $f(X)$  is a pointwise limit of a sequence of functions from  $\text{CF}(X, Y)$ .

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## Positive answers

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For  $f, g : X \rightarrow Y$  we write  $(f\Delta g)(x) = (f(x), g(x))$  for all  $x \in X$ .

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A family  $\mathcal{F}$  of maps between  $X$  and  $Y$  is called

◆  **$\Delta$ -closed**  $\equiv h \circ (f\Delta g) \in \mathcal{F}$  for any  $f, g \in \mathcal{F}$  and any continuous map  $h : Y^2 \rightarrow Y$ .

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$B_1(X, Y)$  and  $CF(X, Y)$  are  $\Delta$ -closed

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## Positive answers

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A metric space  $(Y, d)$  is called

◆ *an R-space*  $\equiv \forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists r_\varepsilon \in C(Y \times Y, Y)$

$$d(y, z) \leq \varepsilon \implies r_\varepsilon(y, z) = y, \quad (1)$$

$$d(r_\varepsilon(y, z), z) \leq \varepsilon \quad (2)$$

for all  $y, z \in Y$ .

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Any convex subset  $Y$  of a normed space is an R-space



## Theorem 2

Let  $P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  be a completely regular space,  $X \subseteq P$  and  $Y$  be a path-connected metric separable R-space. If

- 1  $P$  is perfectly normal, or
- 2  $X$  is Lindelöf,

then

- 1  $F_{\sigma}(X, Y) = B_1(X, Y) = \overline{\text{CF}(X, Y)}^P$ .

If, moreover,  $X$  is perfectly normal, then

- 2 any lower semicontinuous function  $f : X \rightarrow [0, +\infty)$  is a pointwise limit of an increasing sequence of functions from  $\text{CF}(X, [0, +\infty))$ .



## Pseudocompact case

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### Theorem 1

Let  $P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  be a pseudocompact space and  $Y$  be a path-connected separable metric  $\mathbb{R}$ -space. Then

$$B_1(P, Y) = \overline{\text{CF}(P, Y)}^P.$$

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## Pseudocompact case



### Theorem 1

Let  $P = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  be a pseudocompact space and  $Y$  be a path-connected separable metric  $\mathbb{R}$ -space. Then

$$B_1(P, Y) = \overline{\text{CF}(P, Y)}^P.$$

### Question

Let  $X \subseteq \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$  be a pseudocompact subspace of a product of completely regular spaces  $X_n$  and  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a Baire one function. Does there exist a sequence of functions from  $\text{CF}(X)$  which is pointwisely convergent to  $f$  on  $X$ ?

## Negative answer

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### Theorem 3

There exist a sequence  $(X_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  of Lindelöf spaces  $X_n$  and a function  $f \in B_1(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n, \mathbb{R})$  such that

- ① every finite product  $Y_n = \prod_{k=1}^n X_k$  is Lindelöf;
  - ②  $f$  is not a pointwise limit of any sequence  $(f_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  of functions from  $CF(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n)$ .
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