

## Minimal non $\sigma$ -scattered linear orders

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A linear order is *scattered* if it does not contain a copy of the rational line and  $\sigma$ -*scattered* if it is a countable union of scattered suborders. In 1971, Laver proved that the class of  $\sigma$ -scattered linear orders is *well quasi-ordered*: if  $L_i$  ( $i < \infty$ ) is a sequence of  $\sigma$ -scattered linear orders, then there is an  $i < j$  such that  $L_i$  embeds into  $L_j$ . At the time, Laver speculated whether his result could be extended in ZFC to a broader hereditary class of linear orders (Baumgartner had shown around the same time that PFA implied that Laver's result could be extended to a broader class of linear orders). An equivalent form of this question can be stated as follows: is there a ZFC example of a linear orders which is minimal with respect to being non  $\sigma$ -scattered? We have proved that this is not the case. We have also shown that  $\text{PFA}^+$  can be used to give a rough classification of the non  $\sigma$ -scattered linear orders: every non  $\sigma$ -scattered linear order contains either an Aronszajn type, a real type, or a ladder system indexed by a stationary subset of  $\omega_1$ , equipped with either the lexicographic or reverse lexicographic order.

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<sup>1</sup> This research was supported in part by US NSF grant DMS-1262019

